CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY ADVISORY CIRCULAR AC 08-002

INTERCEPTION OF AIRCRAFT: PROCEDURES, PHRASES & SIGNALS

POLICY & GENERAL INFORMATION Section 1

1.1 **PURPOSE**

This advisory circular (AC) provides specific procedures and signals to ensure that operators and pilots conform to the international procedures and signals when intercepted by a State or miltary aircraft

These procedures and signals should be immediately available to pilots during the operations of aircraft.

1.2 STATUS OF THIS AC

This AC is an original issuance.

1.3 **BACKGROUND**

- A. Standardized procedures for interception of aircraft are required for international operations of aircraft.
- B. The procedures included in this advisory circular are published by ICAO in Annex 2 and provided here for use by pilots and inclusion in the operators' manuals.

1.4 **APPLICABILITY**

The requirement for conformance to the international aircraft interception procedures, signals and communication as outlined in this advisory circular applies to all civil aircraft, pilots and operators.

1.5 RELATED REGULATIONS

The following Philippine Civil Aviation Regulations (PCARs) requirements are applicable to the aircraft interception—

- Interception procedures and signals must be available on the aircraft: Part 8
- Pilots must comply with signals and communications when intercepted: Part 8
- Operators must included these interception procedures, signals and communications in their operations manual: Parts 8 and 9
- Advisory Circulars are intended to provide advice and guidance to illustrate a means, but not necessarily the only means, of complying with the regulations, or to explain certain regulatory requirements by providing informative, interpretative and explanatory material.
- Where a regulation contains the words "prescribed by the Authority," the AC may be considered to "prescribe" a viable method of compliance, but status of that "prescription" is always "guidance" (never regulation).

1.6 RELATED PUBLICATIONS

These ICAO publications are source documents for this advisory circular—

• Annex 2; Rules of the Air.

Copies may be obtained from Document Sales Unit, ICAO, 999 University Street, Montreal, Quebec, Canada H3C 5H7.

Section 2 Interception Procedures, Phrases & Signals

2.1 Interception Procedures

- A. An aircraft which is intercepted by another aircraft shall immediately:—
 - 1) Follow the instructions given by the intercepting aircraft, interpreting and responding to visual signals;
 - 2) Notify, if possible, the appropriate air traffic services unit;
 - Attempt to establish radio communication with the intercepting aircraft or with the appropriate intercept control unit. by—
 - (a) Making a general call on the emergency frequency 121.5 MHz, giving the identity of the intercepted aircraft and the nature of the flight; and
 - (b) If no contact has been established and if practicable, repeating this call on the emergency frequency 243 MHz;
 - 4) If equipped with SSR transponder, select Mode A, Code 7700, unless otherwise instructed by the appropriate air traffic services unit.
- B. If any instructions received by radio from any sources conflict with those given by the intercepting aircraft by visual signals, the intercepted aircraft shall request immediate clarification.



The first priority shall be to continue to comply with the visual instructions of the intercepting aircraft while clarifying communications.

2.2 Interception Phrases for Radio Communication

Radio communication during interception—

- 1) If radio contact is established during interception but communication in a common language is not possible;
- Attempts shall be made to convey instructions, acknowledgement of instructions and essential ATC information by using the phrases and pronunciations in the following table; and
- 3) Transmitting each phrase twice.:

Phrases for use by INTERCEPTING aircraft		Phrases for use by INTERCEPTED aircraft			
Phrase	Pronunciation ¹	Meaning	Phrase	Pronunciation ¹	Meaning
CALL SIGN	KOL SA-IN	What is your call sign?	CALL SIGN (call sign) ²	KOL SA-IN (call sign)	My call sign is (call sign)
FOLLOW	FOL-LO	Follow me	WILCO	VILL-KO	Understood Will comply
DESCEND	DEE-SEND	Descend for landing	CAN NOT	KANN NOTT	Unable to comply
YOU LAND	YOU LAAND	Land at this aerodrome	REPEAT	REE-PEET	Repeat your instruction
PROCEED	PRO-SEED	You may proceed	AM LOST	AM LOSST	Position unknown

	MAYDAY	MAYDAY	I am in distress
	HIJACK ³	HI-JACK	I have been hijacked
	LAND (place name)	LAAND (place name)	I request to land at (place name)
	DESCEND	DEE-SEND	I require descent

^{1.} In the second column, syllables to be emphasised are underlined.

2.3 INTERCEPTING AIRCRAFT SIGNALS & PROPER REPLIES

The following series of signals will be used by intercepting aircraft. It is critical that the intercepted aircraft ure the proper signals in reply.

• Always comply with the intercepting aircraft's signals until communications are established and instructions from the aircraft correspond to those being provided by air traffic services..

Series	INTERCEPTING Aircraft Signals	Meaning	INTERCEPTED Aircraft Responds	Meaning
1	 DAY or NI GHT Rocking aircraft and flashing navigational lights at irregular intervals (and landing lights in the case of a helicopter) From a position slightly above and ahead of, and normally to the left of, the intercepted aircraft (or to the right if the intercepted aircraft is a helicopter) and, After acknowledgement, a slow level turn, normally to the left, (or to the right in the case of a helicopter) on the desired heading. Note 1. — Meteorological conditions or terrain may require the intercepting aircraft to reverse the positions and direction of turn given above in Series 1. Note 2. — If the intercepted aircraft is not able to keep pace with the intercepting aircraft, the latter is expected to fly a series of race-track patterns and to rock the aircraft each time it passes the intercepted aircraft. 	You have been intercepted Follow me	Rocking aircraft. Fflashing navigational lights at irregular intervals and Following the intercepting aircraft.	Understood Will comply
2	An abrupt break-away manoeuvre from the intercepted aircraft Consisting of a climbing turn of 90 degrees or more Without crossing the line of flight of the intercepted aircraft.	You may proceed	DAY or NI GHT ■ Rocking the aircraft.	Understood Will comply

^{2.} The call sign required to be given is that used in radiotelephone, communications with air traffic services units and corresponding to the aircraft identification in the flight plan.

^{3.} Circumstances may not always permit, nor make desirable, the use of the phrase "HIJACK".

3	DAY or NIGHT	Land at this	DAY or NIGHT	Understood
	 Lowering landing gear (if fitted), showing steady landing lights and overflying runway in use or, if the intercepted aircraft is a helicopter, overflying the helicopter landing area. In the case of helicopters, the intercepting helicopter makes a landing approach, coming to hover near to the landing area. 	aerodrome	 Lowering landing gear (if fitted), Showing steady landing lights and Following the intercepting aircraft and, If, after overflying the runway in use or helicopter landing area, landing is considered safe, proceeding to land. 	Will comply

2.4 INTERCEPTED AIRCRAFT SIGNALS & POSSIBLE REPLIES

The following series of signals may be initiated by intercepted aircraft. The possible replies to these signals used by the intercepting aircraft.

Series	INTERCEPTED Aircraft Signals	Meaning	INTERCEPTING Aircraft Responds	Meaning
4	 Pasising landing gear (if fitted) and Flashing landing lights while passing over runway in use or helicopter landing area At a height exceeding 300 m (1,000 ft) but not exceeding 600 m (2,000 ft) (in the case of a helicopter, At a height exceeding 50 m (170 ft) but not exceeding 100 m (330 ft) above the aerodrome level and Continuing to circle runway in use or helicopter landing area. If unable to flash landing lights, flash any other lights available. 	Aerodrome you have designated is inadequate	DAY or NIGHT If it is desired that the intercepted aircraft follow the intercepting aircraft to an alternate aerodrome, the intercepting aircraft raises its landing gear (if fitted) and uses he Series 1 signals prescribed for intercepting aircraft. If it is decided to release the incepted aircraft, the intercepting aircraft uses the Series 2 signals prescribed for intercepting aircraft.	Understood Follow me
5	Regular switching on and off of all available lights but in such a manner as to be distinct from flashing lights.	Cannot comply	 DAY or NI GHT Use Series 2 signals prescribed for intercepting aircraft. 	Understood You may proceed
6	DAY or NIGHT● Irregular flashing of all available lights.	In distress	 DAY or NIGHT Use Series 2 signals prescribed for intercepting aircraft. 	Understood

End of Advisory Circular

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Date of Issue: 23 September 2011