

an individual's inner aspect such as spiritual characteristics namely knowledge, understanding and emotion (Schultz, D. & Schultz, S.E., 2001).

Problem Statement

The status of the job type chosen by a person reflects and represents personality identity personality. Personality refers to all different individual behaviors with different individuals, in which the environment produces a pattern of behavior and one's way of thinking (Chisnall, 1995). The personality is important for every individual in knowing, understanding, advantages and weaknesses of the individual. Accordingly, to faces all the stresses in life. Pressure words are used to describe violence, coercion, pressure and tension (Cooper, 1991). Whereas according to Gill *et al.*, (2006), work pressure refers to a person's emotional response to the working environment that threatens the worker. In addition, work pressure is a negative manifestation in the current working environment and is a major issue as well as the phenomenon of increasing pressure levels among workers due to workload, safety issues at work and improving living standards (Yozgat *et al.*, 2013).

Pressure is termed a summary of the burden, conflict, fatigue, tension, panic, emotion, depression and loss of power. Work stress can also be linked to the health, wellbeing and productivity of individuals at work (Shutherland & Cooper, 1990). Work pressure will occurs when the demands of the working environment can't be mitigated by the particular capacity, resources and wants of the employees (NIOSH, 1998). All career scope has the pressure and career of the police is a fully career with stress and challenges (Kaur *et al.*, 2013) and high risk (Russell, 2014). Adler (1964) thinks lifestyle is the unity of an individual's personality that embodies all creative ideas of self, life and overall attitudes toward self and others. Realizing that a person who is motivated and effective in achieving the wishes and exercising all responsibilities which is an important element in most positive individuals. This proves that personality really influences individual attitudes and behaviors. All work is done to create the desired individual and the individual is living together with the society to spread and display the personality, attitude and behavior of the owner.

Literature Analysis

Robin *et al.*, (2001) view most studies on personality depending on self-report scale. When a scale is obtained by a self-evaluation and self-assessment, it is self-conceptions and the latter is self-evaluation because human reasoning is essentially similar. This kind of research is usually carried out on personalities through self-report scales related to the Five-Factor Model (FFM) as the basis of the daily framework in assessing the personality. Over the past decades the use of Big Five dimensions in FFM has been widely used compared to other constructs (John & Sriastava, 1999). The five major factors that Big Five are meant to represent personality traits are Openness, Extraversion, Conscientiousness, Agreeableness and Neuroticism.