

A STUDY ON THE EFFECTS OF TRENDS DUE TO INERTIA ON EWMA AND CUSUM CHARTS

(Suatu Kajian Kesan Trend Akibat Inertia ke atas Carta EWMA dan CUSUM)

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ABSTRACT

Unlike a Shewhart chart, the exponentially weighted moving average (EWMA) and cumulative sum (CUSUM) charts are memory control charts (also known as time weighted control charts) that are used for a quick detection of small shifts in the process mean. Control charts that combine information from present and past samples, like the EWMA and CUSUM charts have the ability to detect process changes based on past information. A trend could exist on the EWMA and CUSUM charts, where all the sample points fall in one particular direction on the charts, for example, only above or below the center line. For this case, if a shift in the process mean occurs in the opposite sides of the chart, then such a shift cannot be detected quickly. This phenomenon is known as the inertia problem. A simulation study is conducted using Statistical Analysis System (SAS) to study and compare the effects of inertia on EWMA and CUSUM charts. It is found that the EWMA chart is affected by the inertia problem but not the CUSUM chart.

Keywords: EWMA chart; CUSUM chart; inertia; average run length (ARL)

ABSTRAK

Berbeza daripada carta Shewhart, carta purata bergerak berpemberat eksponen (EWMA) dan hasil tambah longgokan (CUSUM) adalah carta kawalan beringatan (juga dikenali sebagai carta kawalan berpemberatkan masa) yang digunakan untuk pengesanan cepat anjakan kecil dalam min proses. Carta kawalan yang menggabungkan maklumat daripada sampel baru dan lama, seperti carta EWMA dan CUSUM mempunyai kebolehan untuk mengesan anjakan dalam proses berdasarkan maklumat lama. Suatu tren mungkin wujud pada carta-carta EWMA dan CUSUM, yang mana semua titik sampel jatuh pada suatu arah tertentu di atas carta, misalnya, hanya di atas atau di bawah garisan tengah. Untuk kes ini, jika anjakan dalam min proses berlaku dalam arah yang bertentangan di atas carta, maka anjakan sedemikian tidak dapat dikesan dengan cepat. Fenomena ini dikenali sebagai masalah inersia. Suatu kajian simulasi dijalankan dengan menggunakan Sistem Analisis Berstatistik (SAS) untuk mengkaji dan membandingkan kesan inersia ke atas carta EWMA dan CUSUM. Adalah didapati bahawa carta EWMA dipengaruhi oleh masalah inersia tetapi bukan carta CUSUM.

Kata kunci: carta EWMA; carta CUSUM; inersia; purata panjang larian (ARL)

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