

**ESTIMATING DOWN TIME OF GLOVE DIPPING MACHINES
OPERATION USING EXPONENTIAL AND WEIBULL DISTRIBUTIONS**
(Menganggar Masa Kegagalan Operasi Mesin Sarung Tangan Menggunakan
Taburan Eksponen dan Weibull)

NOR HAMIZAH MISWAN

ABSTRACT

Reliability of any particular component or system is very important as it involves the whole stage of the product life-cycle. It is necessary for a factory to ensure that down time is managed proactively to ensure efficient product manufacturing process. It is common for many manufacturing plants to conduct preventive and corrective maintenance because long machine repair time will cause loss of productivity and revenue. In order to minimize repair time, both inventory and workforce preparation are crucial. This paper uses statistical methods to determine proper time slots to conduct preventive maintenance of a machine. The proposed method determines Mean Time to Failure (MTTF) via Exponential and Weibull distributions using time to failure data of two sets of similar machines from glove manufacturing production line. Results revealed that Weibull distribution offered better MTTF prediction performance compared to Exponential distribution. By pairwise comparison, these two methods do not present significant difference, and hence, both methods could serve as the benchmark in designing potential preventive maintenance strategy.

Keywords: exponential; MTTF; reliability; Weibull

ABSTRAK

Kebolehpercayaan komponen atau sistem tertentu adalah amat penting kerana ia melibatkan keseluruhan kitaran hayat produk. Pihak kilang perlu memastikan masa henti diurus secara proaktif untuk memastikan proses pengeluaran yang efisien. Kebanyakan kilang tidak asing daripada menjalankan proses penyelenggaraan pencegahan dan pemulihan kerana tempoh membaiki mesin yang masa bakal menjejaskan produktiviti dan pendapatan syarikat. Persediaan inventori dan tenaga kerja adalah penting untuk meminimumkan masa pembaikan. Artikel ini menggunakan kaedah statistik untuk menentukan slot masa yang sesuai untuk melaksanakan penyelenggaraan mesin. Kaedah dicadangkan mengira Min Masa Kegagalan (MTTF) menggunakan taburan Eksponen dan Weibull menggunakan data masa kegagalan dua set mesin serupa daripada sebuah syarikat pembuat sarung tangan. Dapatan menunjukkan taburan Weibull memberikan ramalan MTTF yang lebih baik berbanding taburan Eksponen. Secara perbandingan berpasangan, kedua-dua kaedah ini tidak menunjukkan perbezaan ketara, dan kedua-dua kaedah boleh menjadi petanda aras dalam mereka bentuk strategi penyelenggaraan.

Kata kunci: eksponen; MTTF; kebolehpercayaan; Weibull

References

- Bütikofer L., Stawarczyk B. & Roos M. 2015. Two regression methods for estimation of a two-parameter Weibull distribution for reliability of dental materials. *dental materials* 31(2): e33-e50.
- Gackowiec P. 2019. General overview of maintenance strategies—concepts and approaches. *Multidisciplinary Aspects of Production Engineering* 2(1): 126-139.
- Galar D. & Kumar U. 2017. Chapter 6 - prognosis. In Galar D. & Kumar U. (eds.), *eMaintenance: Essential Electronic Tools for Efficiency*: pp. 311-370. Cambridge, Massachusetts: Academic Press.

- Ikkal N.A.M., Halim S.A. & Ali N. 2022. Estimating Weibull parameters using maximum likelihood estimation and ordinary least squares: Simulation study and application on meteorological data. *Mathematics and Statistics* **10**(2): 269-292.
- Iskandar I. 2018. Competing risk models in reliability systems, an exponential distribution model with Bayesian analysis approach. *IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering* **319**(1): 012069.
- Jeon J. & Sohn S.Y. 2015. Product failure pattern analysis from warranty data using association rule and Weibull regression analysis: A case study. *Reliability Engineering & System Safety* **133**: 176-183.
- Liu J., Chang Q., Xiao G. & Biller S. 2012. The costs of downtime incidents in serial multistage manufacturing systems. *J. Manuf. Sci. Eng.* **134**(2): 021016.
- Mad Lazim H. & Ramayah T. 2010. Maintenance strategy in Malaysian manufacturing companies: a total productive maintenance (TPM) approach. *Business Strategy Series* **11**(6): 387-396.
- Manglik M. & Ram M. 2019. Multistate multifailures system analysis with reworking strategy and imperfect fault coverage. In Ram M. & Davim J.P. (eds.). *Advances in System Reliability Engineering*: pp. 243-265. Cambridge, Massachusetts: Academic Press.
- Méndez-González L.C., Rodríguez-Picón L.A., Valles-Rosales D.J., Romero-López R. & Quezada-Carreón A.E. 2017. Reliability analysis for electronic devices using beta-Weibull distribution. *Quality and Reliability Engineering International* **33**(8): 2521-2530.
- Rifaai T.M., Abokifa A.A. & Sela L. 2022. Integrated approach for pipe failure prediction and condition scoring in water infrastructure systems. *Reliability Engineering & System Safety* **220**: 108271.
- Zhong D., Xia Z., Zhu Y. & Duan J. 2023. Overview of predictive maintenance based on digital twin technology. *Heliyon* **9**(4): e14534.
- Żyluk A., Zieja M., Grzesik N., Tomaszewska J., Kozłowski G. & Jaształ M. 2023. Implementation of the mean time to failure indicator in the control of the logistical support of the operation process. *Applied Sciences* **13**(7): 4608.

Department of Mathematical Sciences
Faculty of Science and Technology
Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia
43600 UKM Bangi
Selangor DE, MALAYSIA
*E-mail: norhamizah@ukm.edu.my**

Received: 6 September 2023

Accepted: 10 October 2023

*Corresponding author