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Nature-oriented River Restoration

Ali Chavoshian

chavoshian@iust.ac.ir







Member Countries



Afghanistan



Bahrain



Bangladesh



Egypt



Germany



India



Iraq



Kuwait



Lebanon



Oman



Pakistan



Syria



Tajikistan



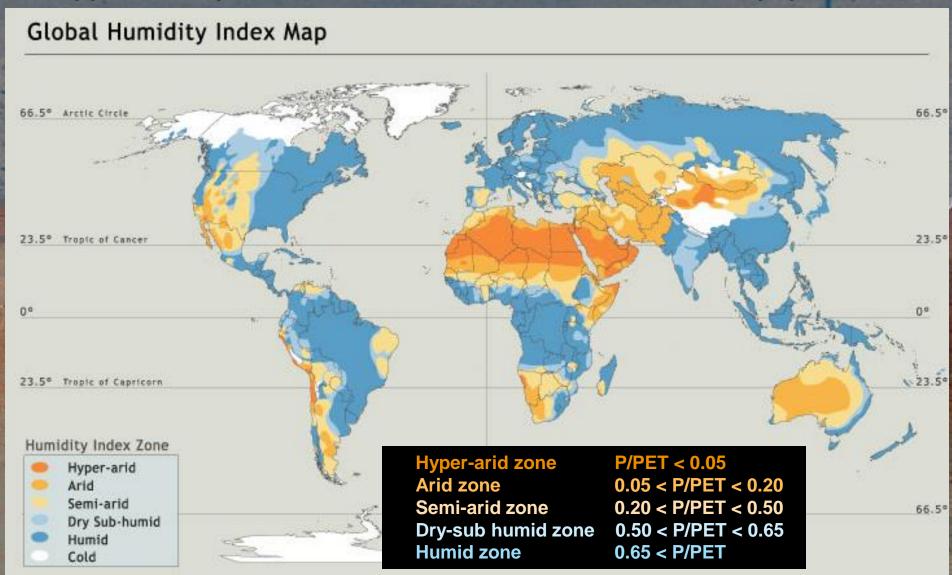
Yemen



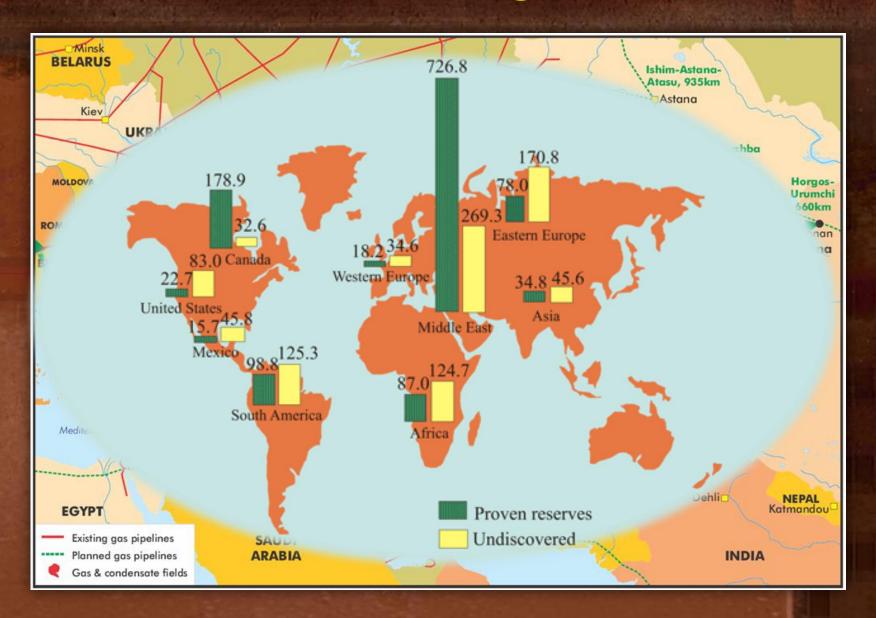
Zimbabwe

Arid and Semi-arid Areas

Approximately half of the Earth's land surface and 20% of its population

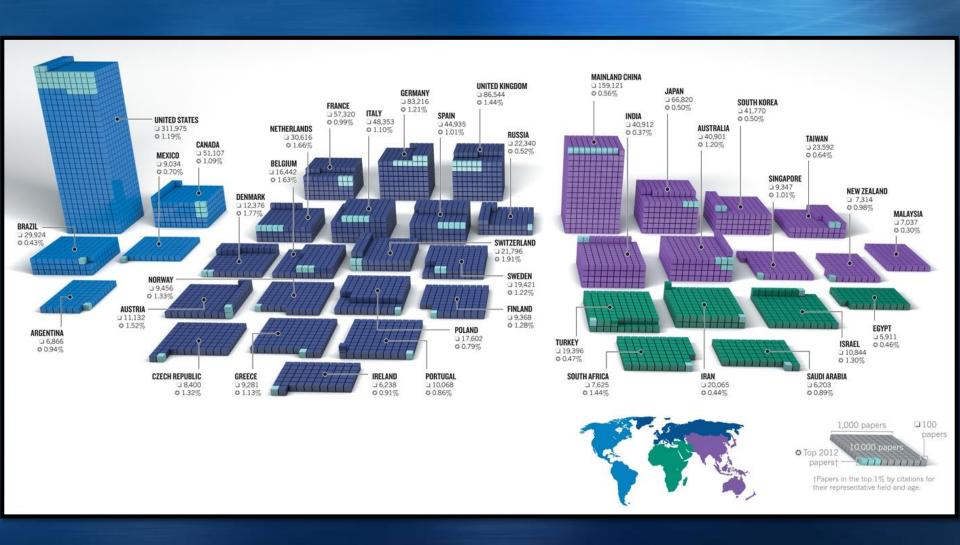


Important Energy Source

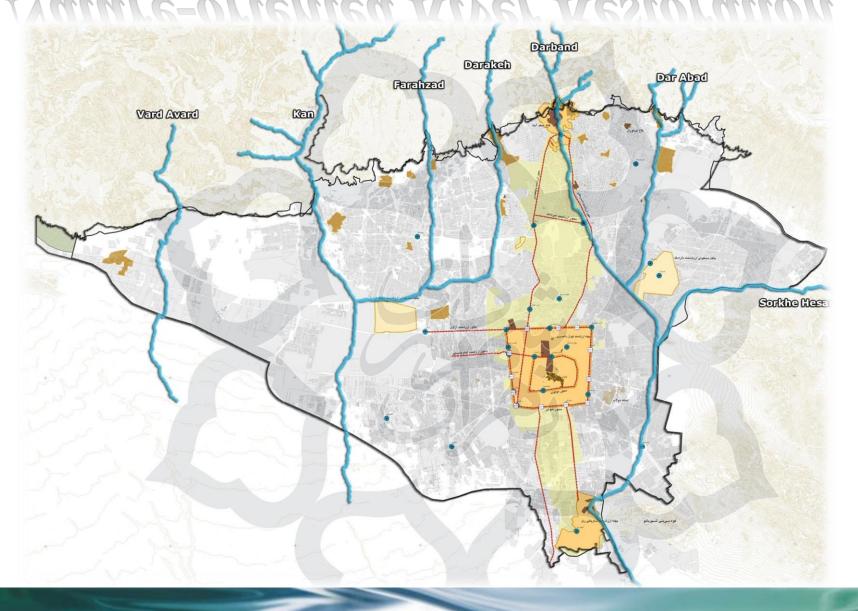


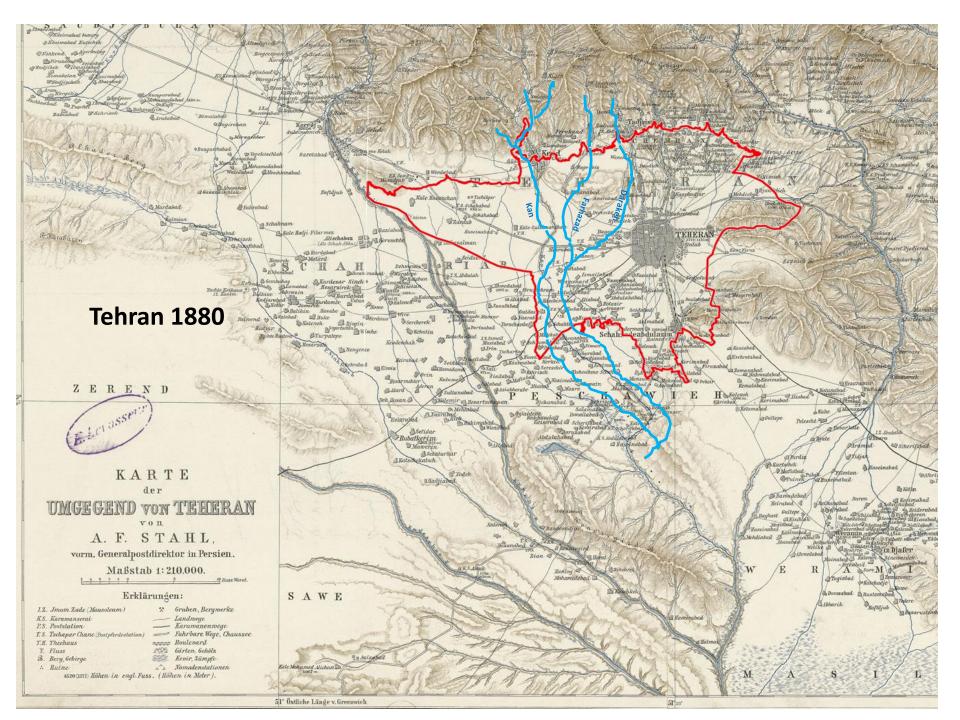
Scientific Publication by Region (2012)

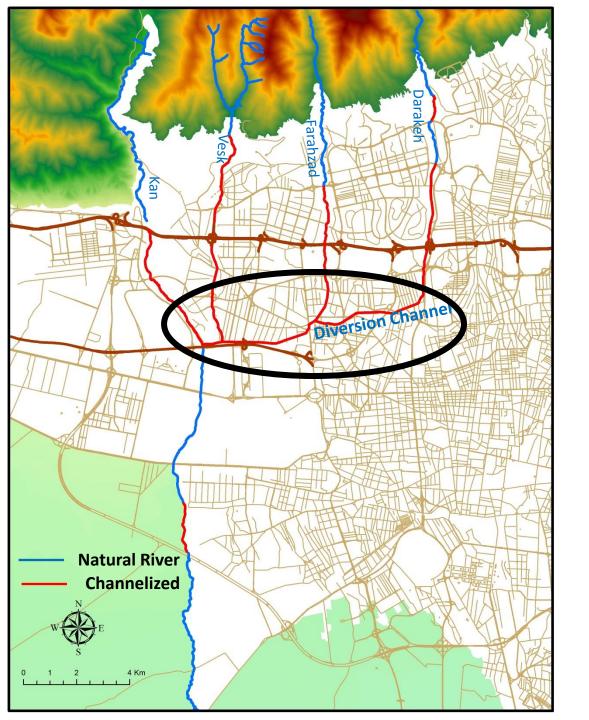
Source: the Nature (Thomson Reuters/Essential Science Indicators)



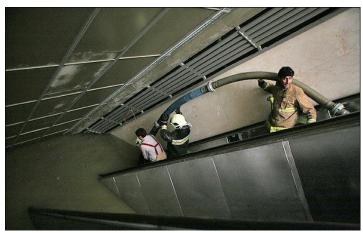
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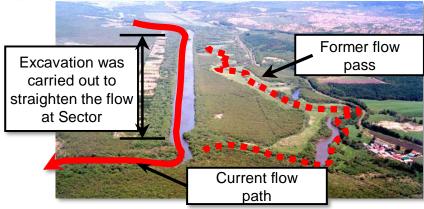




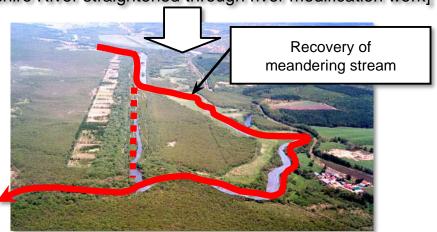
Recovery of nature

A project intended for the maintenance of river environment is conducted by recovering the nature of the "river system" from the basin-wide perspective. The nature's resilience to recover is vitalized, with as little human intervention as possible.

Recovering meandering stream of Kushiro River (Hokkaido Prefecture)



[Kushiro River straightened through river modification work]





Paradigm Shift





Water edge, which was rich in nature (age unknown)

Korea Yangjae River



Branches of sewers and dried-up streams (1910s)

Japan Genbei River



River rich in spring water (around 1950)



China Zhuanhe River



Water edge, which was rich in nature (age unknown)



Mostly reclaimed water's edge (age unknown)

Korea Yangjae River



Branches of sewers and dried-up streams (1910s)



Straightened low-water channels for flood control (around 1980s)

Japan Genbei River

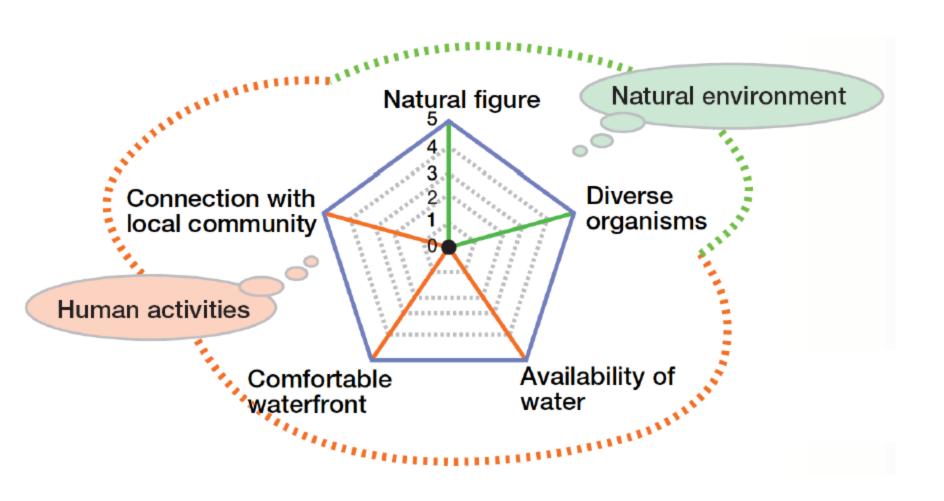


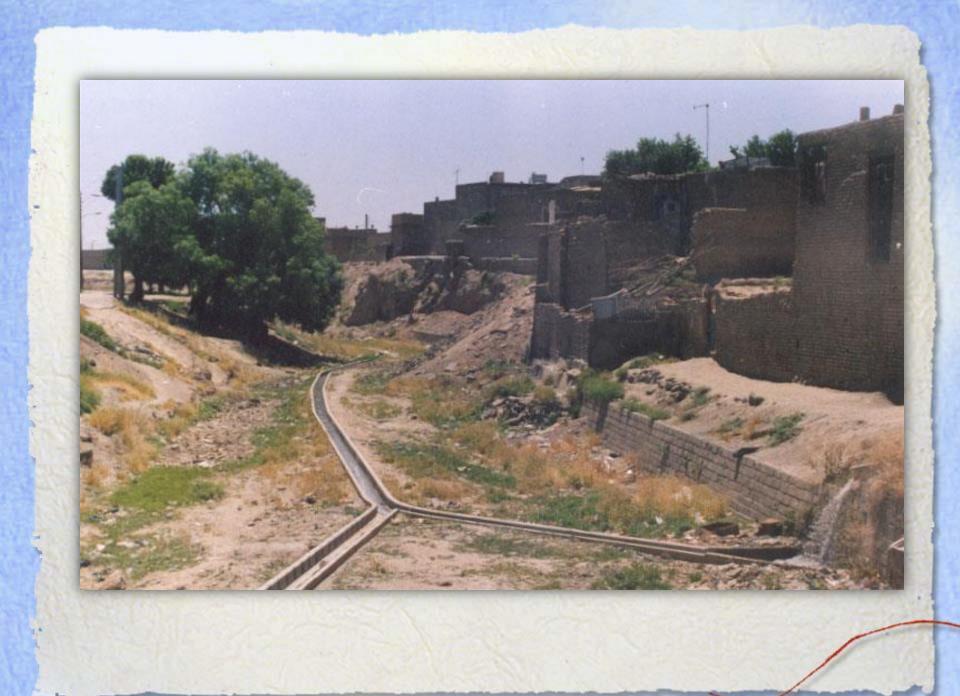
River rich in spring water (around 1950)



Contaminated river (around 1980)

Nature-Oriented River Restoration







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INTERNATIONAL EXPERT MEETING ON

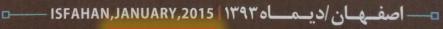
ZAYANDEH-RUD RIVER SUSTAINABILITY

FROM ZARDKUH MOUNTAIN TO GAVKHONI WETLAND









Scientific Resources





Asian River Restoration Network

European River Restoration Conference Ver. 2

Reference Guideline for Restoration by Eco-Compatible Approach in River Basin of Asia

"Nature-oriented River Management Guideline III"

Commentary: Technical Standards for River Training of Small to Medium Scale Rivers

Author: Nature-oriented River Management Working Group

Co-editor: Water and Disaster Management Bureau, the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport

Editor: Technology Research Center for Riverfront Development **Publisher:** Japan River Association, 270 pages (A4), 2,500 JPY

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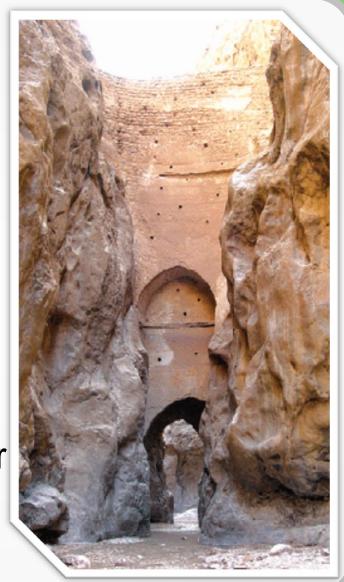
Kan River





Sustainable Development

- ❖ Kebar Dam, one of the oldest arch dams in the world (1300) has a height of 26 m, a crest length of 55m and a thickness of only 5m with an arch radius of 38m.
- Its main purpose was flood control to delay in flow discharge larger than 10-year in return period and save water for dry period.



River Channelization VS River Restoration

Unsustainable Approach

- Single Objective
- Only Engineers
- Structural Measures
- River-scale
- Short-time Scale
- Limited responsibility

New Approach

- Multi-objectives
- Multi-Disciplinary
- Structural and non-structural
- Basin-scale
- Continues action
- Long-term responsibility

Thank you