

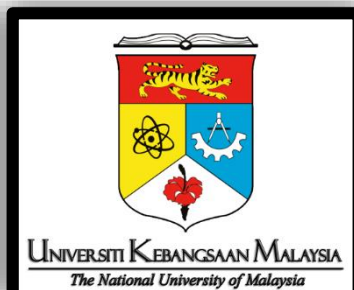


## POME to Energy Workshop

# Enhanced Energy Recovery from Wastewater through Sequential bioH<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> Fermentation

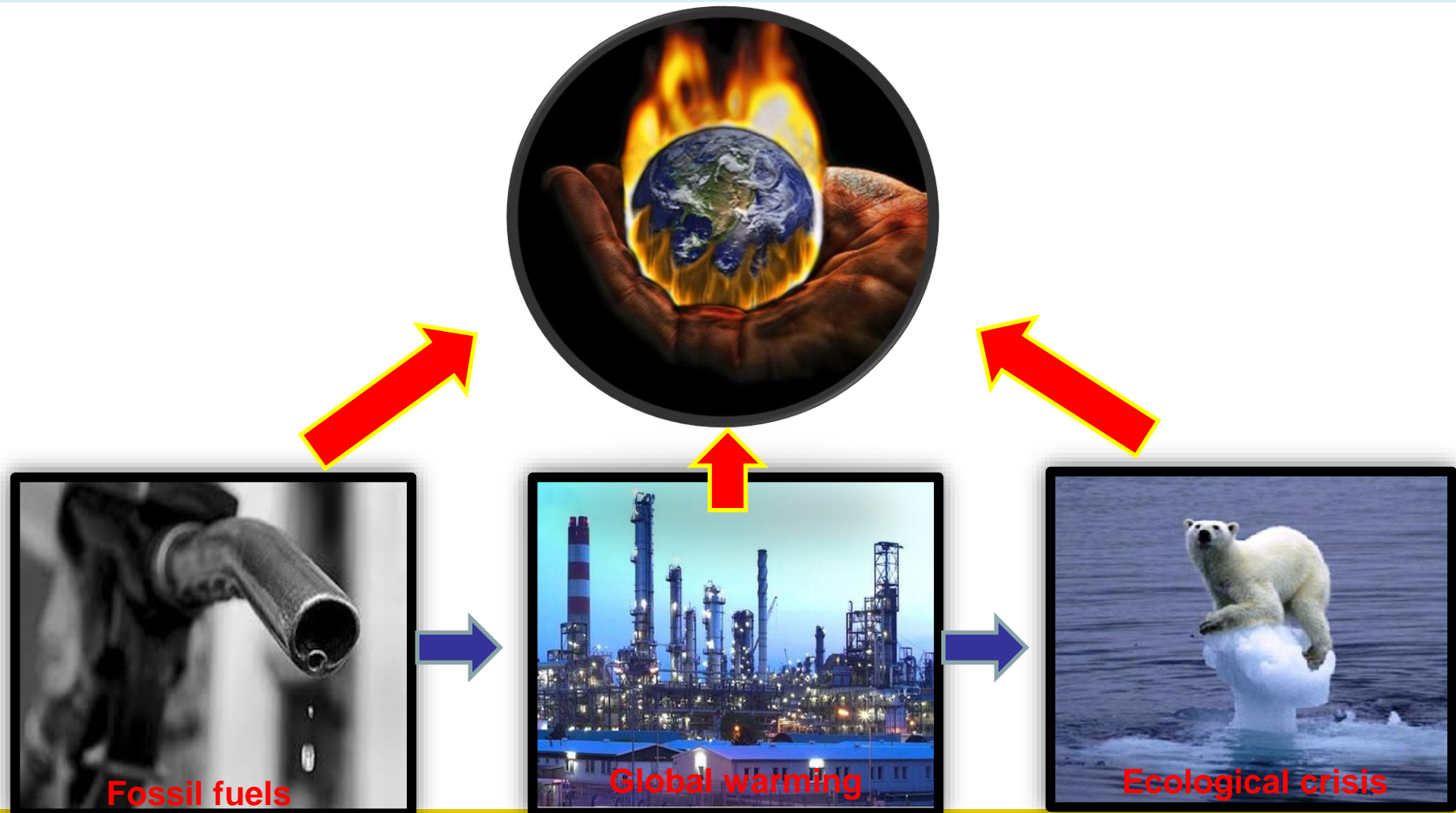
Prof Dr. Shu-Yii Wu

Chair Holder  
UKM-YSD, Malaysia  
2016 April 5-6





# Introduction



Source: en.trend.az, inweh.unu.edu, www.readit.com.cn, www.glogster.com





# Renewable Energy



Agricultural residues

Pellets

Wood chips and residues

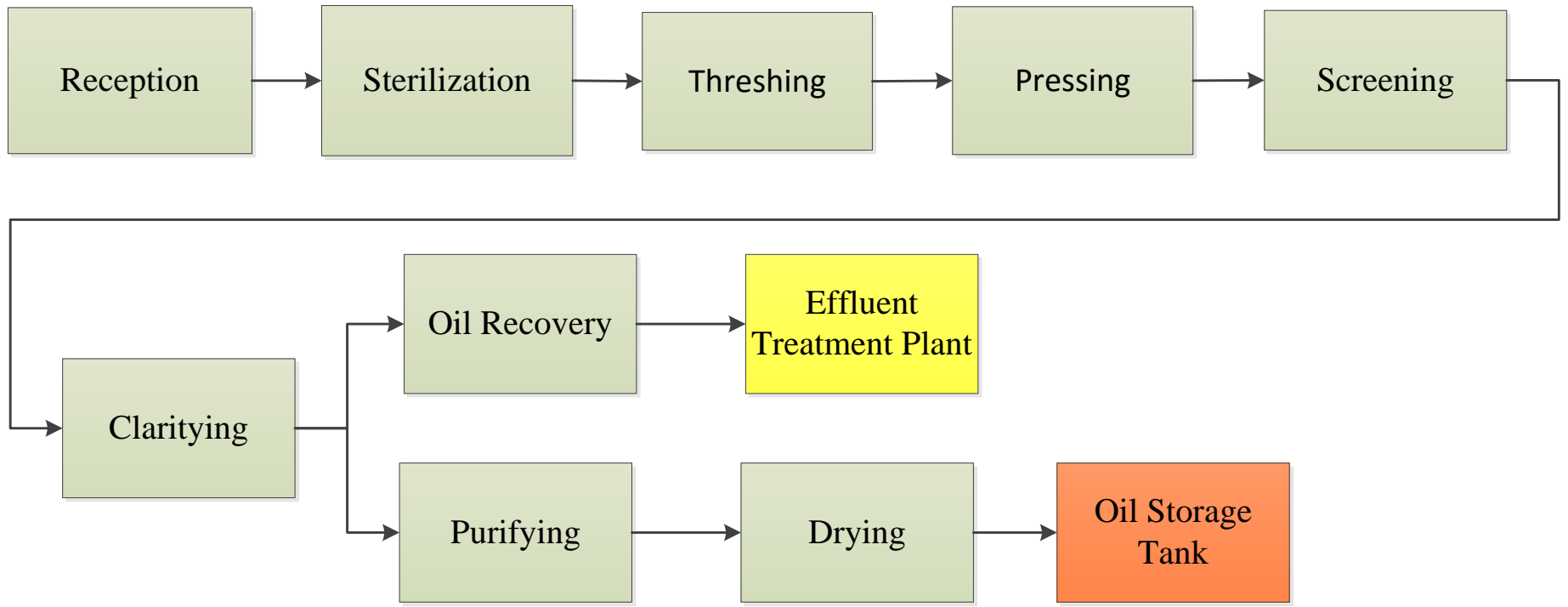
Energy Crops

Source: [http://zh.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Dreischluchtendamm\\_hauptwall\\_2006.jpg](http://zh.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Dreischluchtendamm_hauptwall_2006.jpg), <http://www.tuvnord.com.tw>, [http://zh.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:NesjavellirPowerPlant\\_edit2.jpg](http://zh.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:NesjavellirPowerPlant_edit2.jpg), [http://asiabiodiesel.com/biodiesel\\_c.html](http://asiabiodiesel.com/biodiesel_c.html)



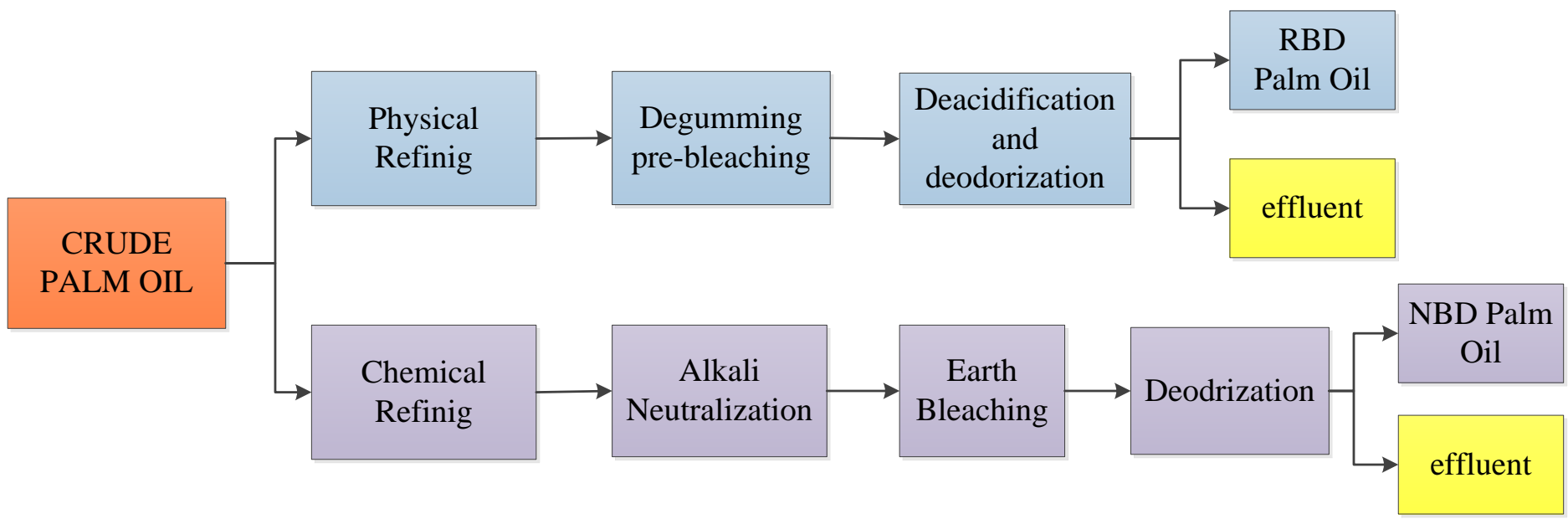


# Effluent from POME (1/2)





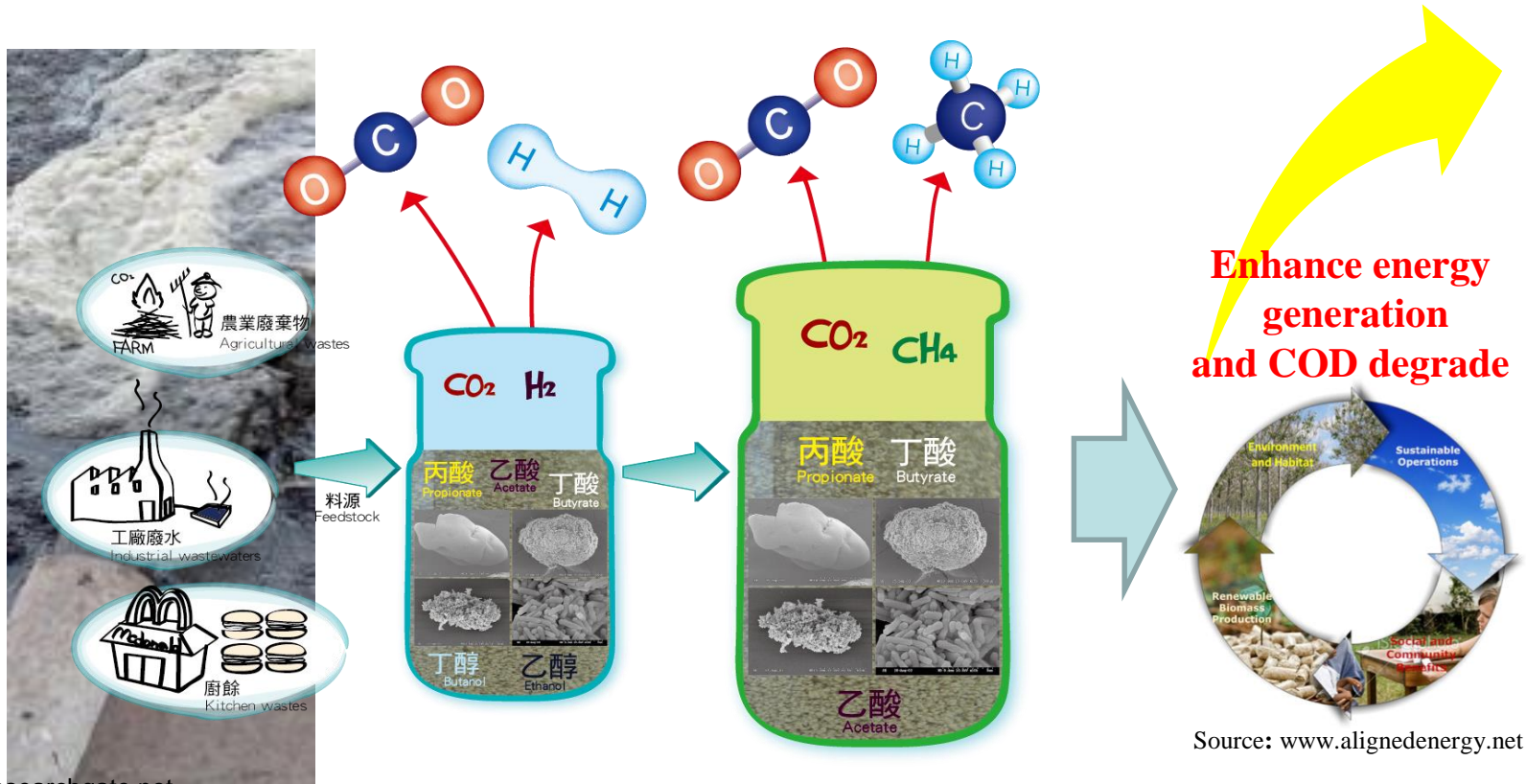
# Effluent from POME (2/2)







# Two-stage of hydrogen and methane production



Source: www.researchgate.net

Source: www.alignedenergy.net



# Two-stage of hydrogen and methane production



(1)   
 (2)   
 37°C   
 (1) N   
 pH c   
 Mixing tank (11) CH<sub>4</sub> reactor

(9)   
 (6)   
 (10)

# Single stage for bioH<sub>2</sub> production at different HRT

- Temperature : 37°C
- Substrate conc. 20 g/L
- HRT : 2 h
  - H<sub>2</sub> conc. : 40.55 ± 1.44%
  - HPR : 42.02 ± 1.68 L/L/d
  - Yield : 1.21 ± 0.05 mol H<sub>2</sub>/mol hexose
  - Utilization : 94.15 ± 1.95%
- HRT : 4 h
  - H<sub>2</sub> conc. : 41.15 ± 2.97%
  - HPR : 19.58 ± 1.05 L/L/d
  - Yield : 1.07 ± 0.10 mol H<sub>2</sub>/mol hexose
  - Utilization : 88.97 ± 7.85%
- HRT : 8 h
  - H<sub>2</sub> conc. : 40.34 ± 1.69%
  - HPR : 9.70 ± 0.95 L/L/d
  - Yield : 0.97 ± 0.14 mol H<sub>2</sub>/mol hexose
  - Utilization : 94.17 ± 0.14%

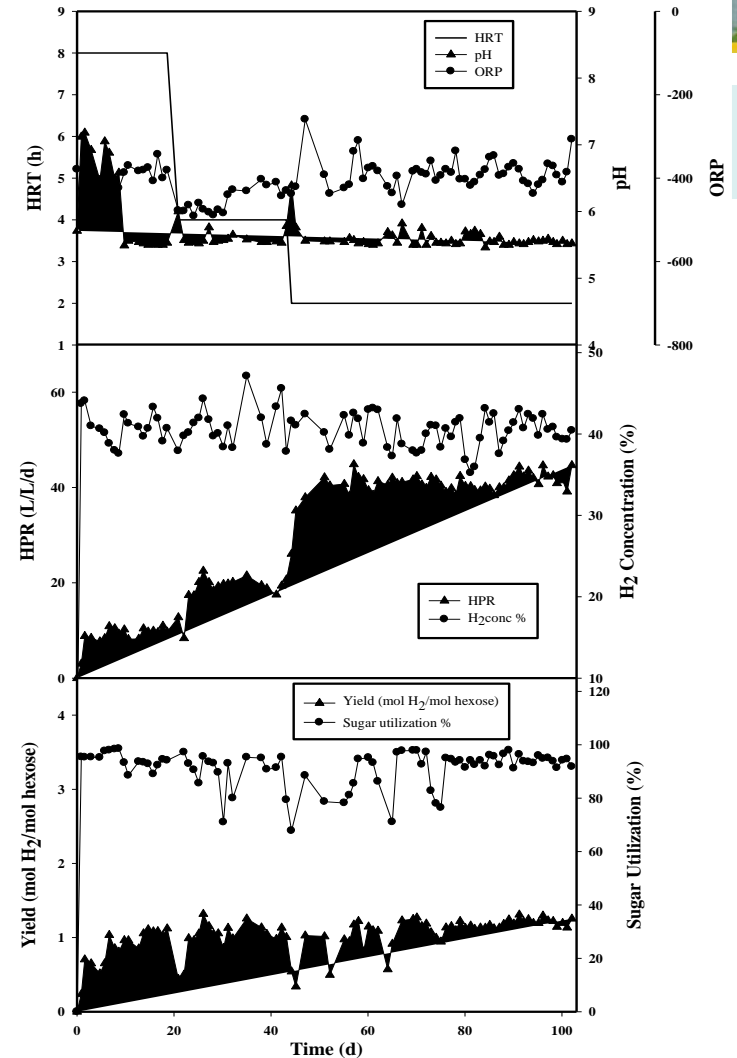


Fig. 1 A continuous biohydrogen production performance at different HRT. (The operation pH was maintained at 5.5 ± 0.1; temperature controlled at 37°C and gas production was monitored using a wet gas meter.)



# Single stage for bioCH<sub>4</sub> production at different HRT

- Temperature : 45°C
- At First-stage HRT<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub> 2 h
- HRT<sub>CH<sub>4</sub></sub> : 24 h (Reactor type : **CSABR**)
  - Substrate conc. : 25.65 ± 0.95 g COD/L
  - CH<sub>4</sub> conc. : 80.55 ± 3.35%
  - MPR : 3.13 ± 0.20 L/L/d
  - COD removal : 65.58 ± 3.77%
- HRT<sub>CH<sub>4</sub></sub> : 48 h (Reactor type : **CSABR**)
  - Substrate conc. : 25.65 ± 0.95 g COD/L
  - CH<sub>4</sub> conc. : 77.89 ± 2.81%
  - MPR : 1.11 ± 0.09 L/L/d
  - COD removal : 78.46 ± 1.90%

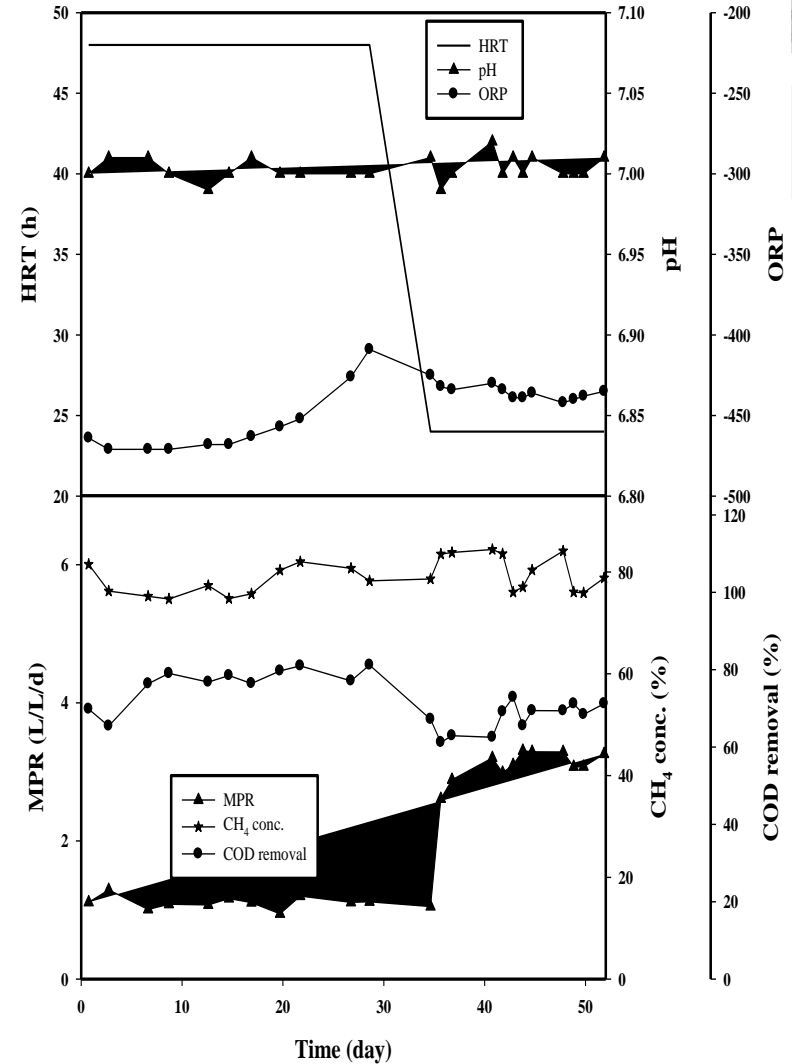


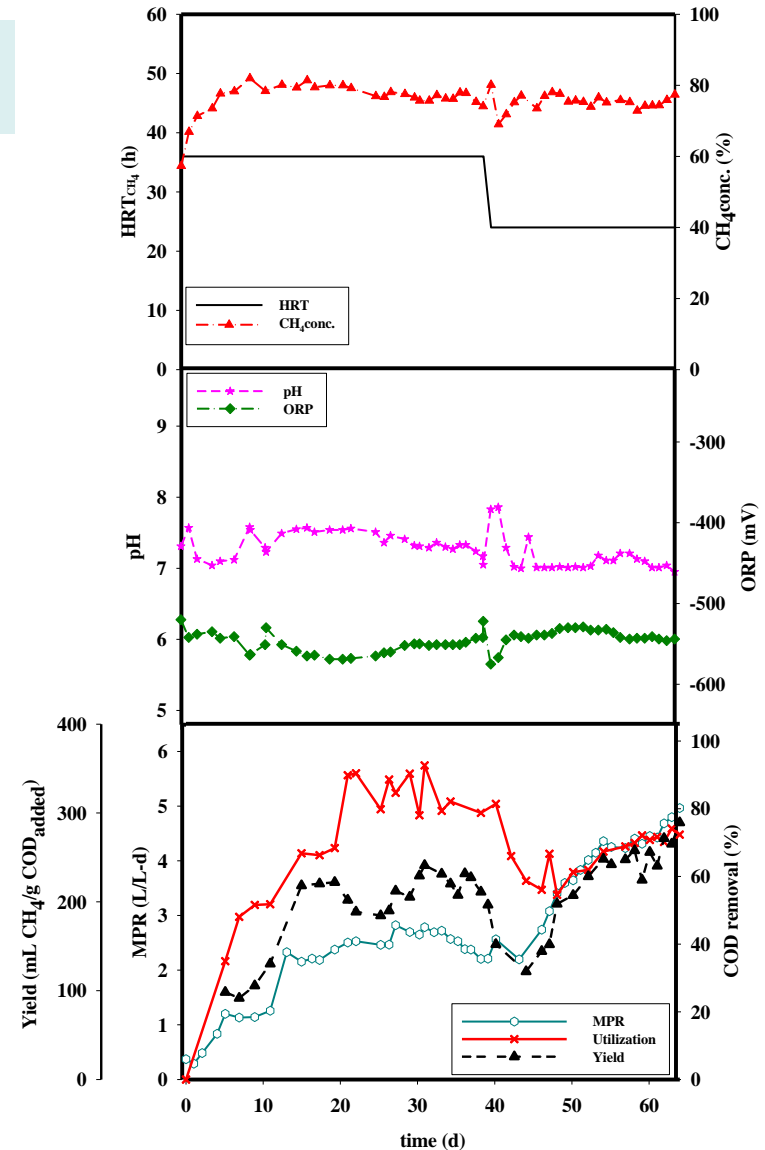
Fig. 2 The continuous biomethane production performance at different HRT. (The operation pH was maintained at 7.0 ± 0.1; temperature controlled at 45°C; gas production was monitored using a wet gas meter.)





# Two-stage for bioH<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> production at different HRT

- Temperature : 45°C
- **At First-stage HRT<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub> 2 h**
- HRT<sub>CH<sub>4</sub></sub> : 24 h (Reactor type : **CSABR**)
  - Substrate conc. : 17.58 ± 0.53 g COD/L
  - CH<sub>4</sub> conc. : 75.78 ± 1.78%
  - MPR : 4.28 ± 0.48 L/L/d
  - Yield : 248.32 ± 28.67 mL CH<sub>4</sub>/g COD<sub>added</sub>
  - COD removal : 74.56 ± 5.17%
  - Energy recovery : 1.77 ± 0.20 W/L
- HRT<sub>CH<sub>4</sub></sub> : 36 h (Reactor type : **CSABR**)
  - Substrate conc. : 18.02 ± 2.06 g COD/L
  - CH<sub>4</sub> conc. : 77.60 ± 1.44%
  - MPR : 2.50 ± 0.22 L/L/d
  - Yield : 210.36 ± 18.02 mL CH<sub>4</sub>/g COD<sub>added</sub>
  - COD removal : 84.71 ± 5.40%
  - Energy recovery : 1.05 ± 0.07 W/L





# Effect of bioCH<sub>4</sub> production with different reactor type and HRT

H <sub>2</sub> reactor						
HRT (h)	2	2	2	2	4	4
CH <sub>4</sub> reactor						
HRT (h)	24	48	24	36	24	36
Reactor type	CSTR	CSTR	CSABR	CSABR	CSTR	CSABR
MPR (L/L/d)	3.13 ± 0.20	1.11 ± 0.09	4.28 ± 0.48	2.50 ± 0.22	3.63 ± 0.26	3.01 ± 0.34
COD removal (%)	65.58 ± 3.77	78.46 ± 1.90	74.56 ± 5.17	84.71 ± 5.40	73.99 ± 5.31	88.55 ± 7.51

Chun-Min Liu, Shu-Yii Wu. From biomass waste to biofuels and biomaterial building blocks. Renewable Energy, In Press.







# Remarks

## Single stage of biohydrogen production

$\text{HRT}_{\text{H}_2}$  2 h :  $\text{HPR} = 44.06 \pm 4.11$  L/L/d ; COD removal = 10%~20%

Energy recovery :  $5.63 \pm 0.53$  W/L

## Single stage of biomethane production

$\text{HRT}_{\text{CH}_4}$  24 h :  $\text{MPR} = 6.38 \pm 0.38$  L/L/d ; COD removal =  $74.56 \pm 5.17$  %

Energy recovery :  $2.64 \pm 0.16$  W/L

## Two-stage of biohydrogen and biomethane production

$\text{HRT}_{\text{H}_2}$  2 h +  $\text{HRT}_{\text{CH}_4}$  24 h :  $\text{HPR} = 44.06 \pm 4.11$  L/L/d +  $\text{MPR} = 4.28 \pm 0.48$  L/L/d

Total COD removal =  $81.68 \pm 11.12$ % ; Energy recovery :  $7.40 \pm 0.73$ W/L

$\text{HRT}_{\text{H}_2}$  4 h +  $\text{HRT}_{\text{CH}_4}$  36 h :  $\text{HPR} = 20.80 \pm 1.61$ L/L/d +  $\text{MPR} = 3.01 \pm 0.34$  L/L/d

Total COD removal =  $94.60 \pm 5.00$ % ; Energy recovery :  $3.83 \pm 0.35$ W/L





# Technology Analysis

Types	MBR	Activated Sludge	MBBR	UASB	HyMeTek
Sludge Yield (Kg SS/Kg COD)	0.2	0.3-0.5	0.3	< 0.2	< 0.2
Wastewater treatment limit (COD mg /L)	≅10000	< 3000	≅10000	3000~50000	3000~50000
COD removal (%)	90	90	90	>90	>90
Setting mode	Easy setup, small space	Difficult set up	Easy setup	Customized, on-site construction	Modular, Easy construction
Maintenance costs	high film maintenance costs	Much sludge	Long recovery time of film maintenance and high cost	High equipment prices, maintenance difficulties	Cheap, easy and low costs of maintenance
Energy Recovery	N/A	N/A	N/A	Methane recovery, less sludge	1. COD degradation time fast 2. High energy recovery efficiency. (25% higher than methane equipment) 3. produce less sludge
Reliability	Medium	Medium	Medium	High	High
Stability	Medium	High	Medium	High	High



# Operational processes of the real case (1/2)

BioHydrogen



6 浓缩物装载系统



3 热分配系统



4 泵送系统



2 混凝土装载区供料



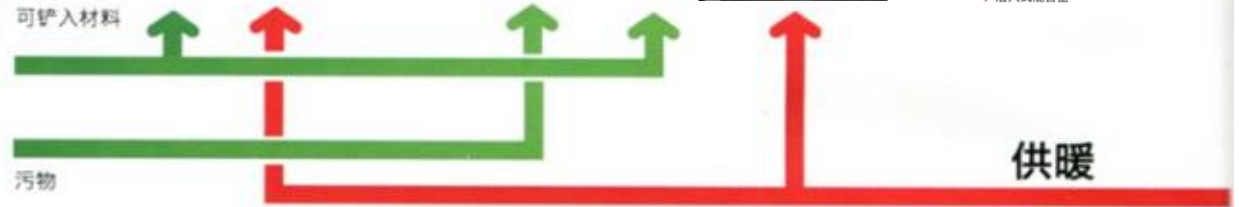
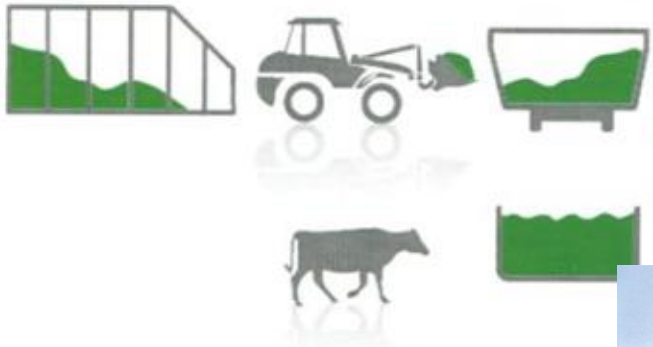
1 箱式混合器供料



8 干燥基料混合器



7 潜入式混合器



加载

2016/4/8

HyMeTek Monitoring System

Hydrogen and methane production

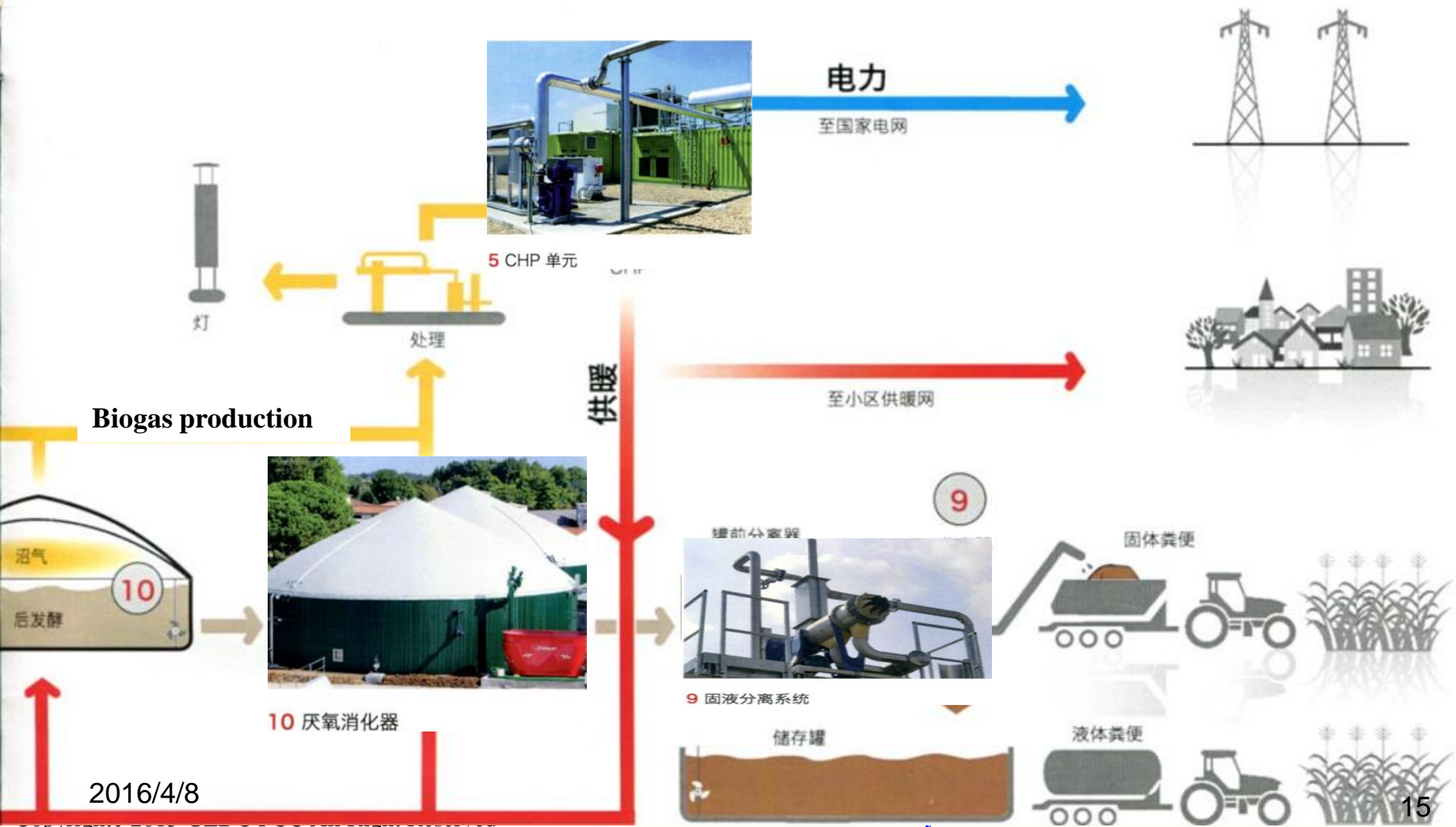
14







# Operational processes of the real case (2/2)





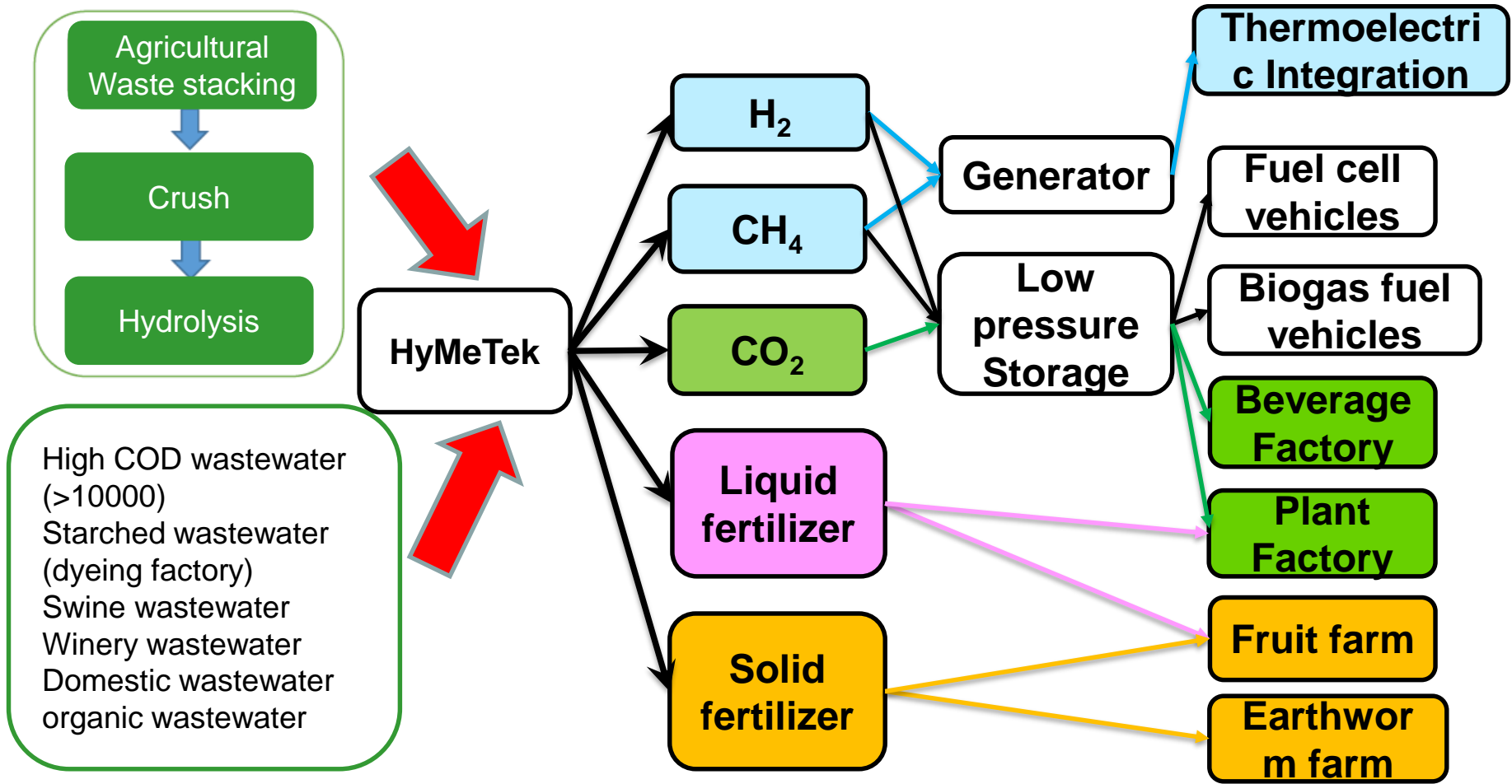
# Payback Estimated of Capital Cost

(Based on biomass feedstock of 150 tons/day )

Item		Unit	Sell For electricity	Sell For CNG	Model 1/2	Model 3
COD	50	Ton CODre/day			50	50
Bio-H <sub>2</sub> , CH <sub>4</sub>	13,200	m <sup>3</sup> /day		13,200	13,200	13,200
Electricity generation	34,032	kWh/day	34,032		34,032	34,032
Heating generation	37,732	kWh/day	37,732		37,732	37,732
Compost	50	ton/day			50	50
CNG generation	9,240	m <sup>3</sup> /day		9,240	9,240	9,240
<b>Income</b>		<b>RMB/yr</b>	<b>8,513,891</b>	<b>12,196,800</b>	<b>27,763,891</b>	<b>40,471,200</b>
Waste water treatment cost	600	RMB/ton CODre	0	0	10,500,000	10,500,000
Electricity selling price	0.65	RMB/kWh	8,513,891	0	8,513,891	0
CNG selling price	4	RMB/m <sup>3</sup>	0	12,196,800	0	8,131,200
Compost selling price	500	RMB/ton	0	0	8,750,000	8,750,000
H <sub>2</sub> selling price	11	RMB/m <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	8,470,000
CO <sub>2</sub> selling price	6	RMB/m <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	4,620,000
<b>Equipment costs</b>		<b>RMB</b>	<b>38,997,348</b>	<b>38,938,056</b>	<b>58,407,084</b>	<b>77,876,112</b>
Payback period		Year	6.1	3.2	2.1	1.9



# Long-term plans for agriculture and high organic wastes



2016/4/8







**24 hours to enjoy the new life  
(bio-H<sub>2</sub>/CH<sub>4</sub>)  
Thank you for your attention**

2016/4/8





## APEC Workshop on Promoting Community Empowerment in APEC's Rural Area Agenda

<b>(Tentative) APEC Workshop on Promoting Community Empowerment in APEC's Rural Area</b>	
Venue: Feng Chia University, Taichung, Taiwan	
Date: July 13-15, 2016	
<b>Date</b>	<b>Wednesday, July 13, 2016</b>
17:00-18:30	Early Registration
18:30-21:00	Welcome party
<b>Date</b>	<b>Thursday, July 14, 2016</b>
9:00-12:00 30 min/person (including 10 mins discussion)	<b>(TBC) Session 1 Promoting green growth of aboriginal/remote agricultural area through social entrepreneurship for motivating inclusive economy</b> <b>Keynote speaker 1-4</b>
11:30-13:30	Lunch
13:30-15:30	<b>(TBC) Session 2 HRD strategy in platform/CRP(O2O frame) driven through agro-wastes recycling via biotechnologies and GIS assistance</b> <b>Keynote speaker 5-8</b>
15:30-16:00	Break
16:00-18:00	<b>(TBC) Session 3 Technologic-entrepreneurial network of cooperation across economies by running an internet of thing (IoT), including fair-trade...</b> <b>Keynote speaker 9-12</b>
18:00-20:30	Banquet
<b>Date</b>	<b>Friday, July 15, 2016</b>
9:00~12:00	<b>(TBC) Session 4: Policy Recommendation on Promoting Community Empowerment in Rural Area based on technical-entrepreneurial HRD</b> <b>Keynote speaker 13-16</b>
12:00-14:00	Lunch
14:00-17:00	Tour (Taichung)
17:00-	Dinner (Feng chia night market)